



## 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Digital, Innovation, Financing & Entrepreneurship (DIFE)

Submission deadline: Mars 30, 2023

Conference's Official Website: https://dife2023.sciencesconf.org/

July 3-4, 2023, Concordia University, Montreal, Canada

#### **Overview**

Disruptive innovations generated by digital technologies allow firms to reinforce their competitive advantages by differentiating themselves from their competitors; more specifically, they create organizational capital based on industrial and financial partnerships (Braune *et al.*, 2021). Digital business transformation is a journey to adopt and deploy digital technologies and business models in order to improve performance quantifiably. Thus, digital transformations change business models, value creation and can positively influence a company's reputation (Anderson, 2014). However, the expectations generated by these technological opportunities are likely to generate ever-increasing expenses that exceed their actual benefits. As Solow (1987) pointed out during the computer revolution, "we'd better watch out" and the question of measuring the gains linked to digital transformations is therefore raised.

Digitalization enables the emergence of new entrepreneurs who, unlike their predecessors, can use digital technologies and online communities and are able to manage the key processes needed to create/launch a new venture moving from idea generation and opportunity recognition, to intellectual property protection, production, marketing and distribution. Technologies such as artificial intelligence, social media, open source software and hardware, crowdsourcing, e-trust and online reputation assessment, e-signing, virtual reality, augmented reality, zooming, IoT, 3D printing, digital imaging and big data are empowering would-be entrepreneurs, while radically altering the competitive landscape, and contributing to reduce significantly the barriers between invention and the creation of a new company (Sahut, Dana and Laroche, 2020).

Despite these new trends, innovations and new venture creation are still largely analyzed by using theories and concepts which were developed before the digital revolution. Thus, there is a prospective struggle to provide a full account and understanding of these new trends (Sahut, Schweizer and Peris Ortiz, 2022). On the other hand, supporters and optimist thinkers who announce the emergence of an industrial revolution and a new era of creativity and prosperity often fail to provide a neutral point of view and data to prove that such a big shift is really taking place.

Entrepreneurship research in the digital economy also needs to be expanded to include literature from other disciplines such as political science, information systems and industrial organization.

Referencing political science literature provides the knowledge necessary to understand the nuances of digital governance and digital citizenship and their importance in the digital entrepreneurial ecosystems. Research from management information systems literature illuminates the background necessary to understand how a system of digital technologies and infrastructure can serve as the germinating bed for digital entrepreneurs (Nambisan, 2017). Literature in economics and industrial organization can help to understand how digital Entrepreneurship unfolds in digital platforms and multisided markets.

We invite contributions that will help to better assess, analyze, and theorize how digital innovations emerge and create value, how these innovations affect the structuring of markets and business models, how to implement and finance them.

#### Non-exhaustive list of topics

- Impacts of digital technologies (artificial intelligence, blockchain, virtual reality, IoT...) on people
- Impacts of digital technologies (artificial intelligence, blockchain, virtual reality, IoT...) on processes
- Impact of Covid-19 on the digital innovation
- Management of digital innovation or IT systems
- Digital transformation, strategy and competitiveness of firms
- Digital transformation for family firms
- Digital innovation for disrupted supply chains
- Business models and innovation
- Digital innovation, open innovation and knowledge management
- Digital platforms and multisided markets
- Entrepreneurship / intrapreneurship and innovation
- Dynamics, growth strategy, and governance of digital firms
- Digital marketing
- Human resources, CSR and digital
- E-Government government & digital public services
- E-learning, e-education and e-pedagogy
- Risk management and innovation
- Governance and risk management in high-tech firms
- Financing of digital innovations, start-ups, SMEs and high-tech firms
- Incubators, Business Angels, Venture Capital and Private Equity
- Electronic markets and trading platforms
- FinTech and Alternative Finance (crowdfunding and P2P lending)
- Blockchain and Smart contracts

- Digital finance, money, banking, and insurance: Bitcoin, cryptocurrency, ICO, token offerings, future of payments, e-banking, e-finance, AssurTech...

- Digital, innovation & tourism
- Digital innovation and accounting
- Digital innovation and CSR

#### References

Anderson, C. (2014). Makers: The New Industrial Revolution, Crown Business.

- Braune, E., Lantz JS., Sahut, JM., & Teulon, F. (2019). Corporate venture capital in the IT sector and relationships in VC syndication networks. *Small Business Economics*, 56, 1221-1233.
- Nambisan, S. (2017). Digital Entrepreneurship: Toward a Digital Technology Perspective of Entrepreneurship. *Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice*, 41(6), 1029-1055.
- Sahut, JM., Dana, LP., & Laroche, M. (2020). Digital innovations, impacts on marketing, value chain and business models: An introduction. *Canadian Journal of Administrative Science*; 37(1), 61-67,
- Sahut J.-M., Schweizer D. et Peris Ortiz, M. (2022), Technological Innovations to Ensure Confidence in the Digital World, *Technological Forecasting & Social Change*, 179, 121680.
- Solow, R.M. (1987). We'd better watch out. New York Times Book Review, July 12, p. 36.

#### **Details of Paper Submission and Due Date**

Interested contributors should submit preferably **full papers in PDF files** (in English or French), but **extended abstracts** (1,000 to 1,500 words) may also be considered if they show considerable promise, **no later than March 30, 2023** through the conference website.

Early submission is highly encouraged and decision is made as soon as the peer-review is completed. No submission fee is required.

Please visit our website for detailed information: https://dife2023.sciencesconf.org/

Contact us if you have any problem with your registration or for more information: <u>dife2023montreal@gmail.com</u>

#### Measures in place related to COVID-19

The Organizing Committee will apply the health precautions imposed by Canadian government to universities. As your safety is our top priority and concern, the Organizing Committee added the online/Video presentation for presenters in addition to in-person presentation. If you cannot attend the conference because of the COVID-19, you are recommended to choose online/Video presentation.

#### **Publication opportunities**

We have established agreements with several academic journals to publish best papers in special issues including *British Accounting Review* (ABS 3, Fnege cat. 3), *Small Business Economics* (ABS 3, Fnege cat. 2), *Journal of Entrepreneurship and Small Business* (ABS 2, Fnege cat. 4), and *Gestion 2000* (Scopus, Fnege cat. 3).

# Best paper awards: "Young Researcher Best Paper Awards" and "DIFE 2023 Best paper Award"

The scientific committee offers 2 "Young Researcher Best Paper Awards" to Young Researchers who will present a paper as first author (35 years and younger). These "Best papers" will be sent to the *Journal of Entrepreneurship and Small Business* for a fast-track reviewing procedure.

The authors of the "DIFE 2023 Best Paper Award" will be invited to publish their paper in a special issue of the conference.

### **Scientific Committee**

**Conference chairs:** Denis Schweizer (JMSB, CA), Jean-Michel Sahut (IDRAC, FR), Juliane Proelss (JMSB, CA), Yang Song (Jilin University, CN)

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